THE CITY OF LINDSAY OKLAHOMA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

This page intentionally left blank

CITY OF LINDSAY, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2017

TABLE OF CONTENTS	
Independent Auditor's Report on Financial Statements	-6
Management's Discussion and Analysis7-	-14
The Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position 1 Statement of Activities 1	
Governmental Funds Financial Statements: Balance Sheet	20
Proprietary Funds Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position	24
Footnotes to the Basic Financial Statements	6-55
Required Supplementary Information:	
Budgetary Comparison Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Budgetary Basis) – General Fund	57
Pension Plan Information:	
Schedules of Required Supplementary Information – Oklahoma Firefighter's Pension & Retirement System	60 61
Supplementary Information:	
Combining Non-Major Governmental Fund Statements	
Combining Balance Sheet	54 55

CITY OF LINDSAY, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2017

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Federal and State Awards Information	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards	. 66
Debt Service Coverage Information	
Schedule of Debt Service Coverage Requirement.	. 67
Internal Control and Compliance over Financial Reporting	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control and Compliance Over Financial Reporting in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	69-70
Schedule of Findings and Responses	71-72



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Lindsay, Oklahoma

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lindsay, Oklahoma (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Lindsay Municipal Hospital Authority, a discretely presented component unit. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Lindsay Municipal Hospital Authority, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and pension plan information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor governmental fund financial statements, schedule of federal and state awards information, and the schedule of debt service coverage information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor governmental fund financial statements, the schedule of federal and state awards, and the schedule of debt service coverage requirements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor governmental fund financial statements, the schedule of federal and state awards information, and the schedule of debt service coverage information are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Arledge + Associates, P.C.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 26, 2018, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

February 26, 2018

The management of the City of Lindsay is pleased to provide this annual financial report to its citizens, taxpayers and other report users to demonstrate its accountability and communicate the City's financial condition and activities as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017. Management of the City is responsible for the fair presentation of this annual report, for maintaining appropriate internal controls over financial reporting, and for complying with applicable laws, regulations, and provisions of grants and contracts.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's total net position increased by \$675,909 and the assets and deferred outflows of the City exceed its liabilities and deferred inflows at June 30, 2017, by \$14,385,685 (net position). Of this amount, \$1,091,009 (unrestricted net position) is available to meet the government's ongoing needs.
- At June 30, 2017, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,371,759.
- At the end of fiscal year 2017, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$278,634 or 10.4% of General Fund revenues.

ABOUT THE CITY

The City of Lindsay is an incorporated municipality with a population of approximately 2,600 located in Garvin County in central Oklahoma. The City is a Council/Manager form of government and operates under home-rule charter that provides for three branches of government:

- Legislative the City Council is a seven-member governing body elected by the citizens
- Executive the City Manager is the Chief Executive Officer and is appointed by the City Council
- Judicial the Municipal Judge is an attorney appointed by the mayor and approved by the City Council

The City provides typical municipal services such as public safety, health and welfare, street and alley maintenance, parks and recreation, and through its Public Works Authority, Hospital Authority and Industrial Authority (when active), certain utility services including electric, water, wastewater, and sanitation, along with health care and industrial development.

The City's Financial Reporting Entity

This annual report includes all activities for which the City of Lindsay City Council is financially accountable. These activities, defined as the City's financial reporting entity, are operated within separate legal entities that make up the primary government.

The City's financial reporting entity includes the following separate legal entities.

• The City of Lindsay – an incorporated City that operates the public safety, streets and public works, health and welfare, culture and recreation, and administrative activities of the City – reported as the primary government

- The Lindsay Public Works Authority (LPWA) public trust created pursuant to 60 O.S. § 176 to operate the water, wastewater, electric and sanitation services of the City, with the City Council members serving as the trustees (presented as a blended component unit, and considered part of the primary government)
- The Lindsay Municipal Hospital Authority (LMHA) public trust created pursuant to 60 O.S. § 176 to provide health care services to the residents of the City of Lindsay and Garvin County (presented as a discretely-presented component unit)
- The Lindsay Industrial Development Authority (LIDA) public trust created pursuant to 60 O.S. § 176 to promote, develop, and secure industrial development within the City of Lindsay (presented as a discretely-presented component unit).

In addition, as required by state law, all debt obligations incurred by the trusts must be approved by twothirds vote of the City Council. This is considered sufficient imposition of will to demonstrate financial accountability and to include the trust within the City's financial reporting entity. The Lindsay Public Works Authority does not issue separate annual financial statements. Separate audited component unit financial statements are issued by the Lindsay Municipal Hospital Authority. This report may be obtained by contacting the City's administrative offices.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the City of Lindsay (the "City"), the Lindsay Public Works Authority (the "Public Works Authority"), the Lindsay Municipal Hospital Authority ("LMHA") and the Lindsay Industrial Development Authority ("LIDA"). Included in this report are government wide statements for each of the two categories of activities - governmental and business-type, and separate columns for the discretely-presented component units.

The government-wide financial statements present the complete financial picture of the City from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. They present governmental activities and business-type activities separately and combined. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. These statements include all assets of the City (including infrastructure) and deferred outflows as well as all liabilities (including long-term debt) and deferred inflows.

Reporting the City as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

One of the most important questions to ask about the City's finances is, "Has the City's overall financial condition improved, declined or remained steady as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. You will need to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the City's sales tax base, the condition of the City's roads, and quality of service to assess the overall health of the City. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows using the accrual basis of accounting. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City into three kinds of activities: *Governmental activities* - Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the police, fire, administration, and streets. Sales taxes, franchise fees, fines, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities; and *Business-type activities* - Activities where the City charges a fee to customers to help cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides are reported here. The City's electric, water, sewer, and sanitation utilities are reported as business-type activities. *Discretely-presented component units* - These account for activities of the City's reporting entity that do not meet the criteria for blending, and include the Hospital Authority and the Industrial Development Authority.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds - Fund Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the City's most significant (major) funds -- not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by debt covenants. However, the City Council may also establish certain other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. The City's two kinds of funds – *governmental and proprietary* - use different accounting approaches.

Governmental funds - All of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. For example, these funds report the acquisition of capital assets and payments for debt principal as expenditures and not as changes to asset and debt balances. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine (through a review of changes to fund balance) whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The differences of results in the governmental fund financial statements to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each governmental fund financial statement.

Proprietary funds - The City operates one proprietary fund, the Lindsay Public Works Authority (a major enterprise fund). When the City, through the Public Works Authority, charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements. For example, proprietary fund capital assets are capitalized and depreciated and principal payments on long-term debt are recorded as a reduction to the liability. The City's proprietary fund is the Lindsay Public Works Authority that accounts for the operation of the electric, water, sewer, sanitation, golf and pool activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to gain an understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The Notes to the Financial Statements can be found on pages 27-55 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents Budgetary Comparison Schedules for the General Fund and the EMS Fund, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, a federal and state award schedule, and a debt service coverage requirement schedule.

THE CITY AS A WHOLE

For the year ended June 30, 2017, net position for the governmental and business-type activities increased \$675,909.

Following is a summary of net position reported for the City of Lindsay.

The City of Lindsay Net Position (in thousands)

TABLE 1

NET POSITION (in Thousands)

		Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities		% Inc. (Dec.)		Total	
	<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	
Current and other assets	\$ 2,62	2 \$	3,770	-30%	\$ 3,072	\$ 2,973	3%	\$ 5,694	\$ 6,743	-16%
Capital assets, net	5,18	3	4,883	6%	7,378	6,153	3 20%	12,561	11,036	14%
Total assets	7,80	5	8,653	-10%	10,450	9,126	14%	18,255	17,779	3%
Deferred outflows of resources	57	9	229	153%	179	74	143%	758	303	150%
Current liabilities	9:	5	342	-72%	1,190	671	1 77%	1,285	1,013	27%
Non-current liabilities	1,869	9	1,589	18%	1,260	1,569	-20%	3,129	3,158	-1%
Total liabilities	1,96	4	1,931	2%	2,450	2,240	9%	4,414	4,171	6%
Deferred inflows of resources	15	7	175	-10%	57	26	119%	214	201	6%
Net position										
Net investment in capital assets	5,18	3	4,883	6%	6,019	4,502	34%	11,202	9,385	19%
Restricted	1,98	4	1,597	24%	108	107	7 1%	2,092	1,704	23%
Unrestricted	(90-	4)	296	-406%	1,995	2,325	-14%	1,091	2,621	-58%
Total net position	\$ 6,26	3 \$	6,776	-8%	\$ 8,122	\$ 6,934	17%	\$ 14,385	\$ 13,710	5%

The largest portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding.

The 30% decrease in governmental activities current assets from the prior year is primarily due to the use of cash to build the splash pad and swimming pool. Deferred outflows of resources increased 153% in governmental activities or \$350,111 due to changes in the pension actuary and the deferral of amortized cost. The 72% decrease in current liabilities is the result of accounts payable and accrued expenses decreasing \$245,201 due primarily to the payment of splash pad and swimming pool expenses in FY17. Unrestricted net position decreased 406% due to the use of cash to build the splash pad and swimming pool.

The 77% increase in current liabilities or \$514,841 is due to an outstanding invoice for water plant improvements. Deferred outflows of resources increased 143% in business-type activities or \$105,414 due to changes in the pension actuary and the deferral of amortized cost.

The City of Lindsay's Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position (in thousands)

	Govern Activ		% Inc. (Dec.)		ess-Type ivities	% Inc. (Dec.)	T	otal	% Inc. (Dec.)
	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	
Revenues									
Charges for service	\$ 446	\$ 390	14%	\$ 4,721	\$ 4,711	-	\$ 5,167	\$ 5,101	1%
Operating grants and contributions	219	221	-1%	-	-	-	219	221	-1%
Capital grants and contributions		108	-100%	300	226	33%	300	334	-10%
Taxes	2,614	2,797	-7%	-		-	2,614	2,797	-7%
Investment income	5	7	-28%	4	6	-33%	9	13	-30%
Miscellaneous	61	61	-	28	(5)	680%	90	56	62%
Total revenues	3,345	3,584	-7%	5,053	4,938	2%	8,398	8,522	-1%
Expenses									
General government	213	210	1%	-	-	-	213	210	1%
Public safety	2,535	2,438	4%	-	-	-	2,535	2,438	4%
Streets	65	99	-34%	-	-	-	65	99	-34%
Culture, parks and recreation	249	204	22%	-	-	-	249	204	22%
Cemetery	24	62	-61%	-	-	-	24	62	-61%
Airport	115	113	2%	-	-	-	115	113	2%
Electric	-	-	-	2,769	2,785	-1%	2,769	2,785	-1%
Water	-	-	-	747	742	1%	747	742	1%
Sewer	-	-	-	352	350	1%	352	350	1%
Sanitation	-	-	-	448	460	-3%	448	460	-3%
Golf	-	-	-	179	180	-1%	179	180	-1%
Pool			-	27	15	80%	27	15	80%
Total expenses	3,201	3,126	2%	4,522	4,532	0%	7,723	7,658	1%
Excess before transfers	144	458	-69%	531	406	31%	675	864	-22%
Transfers	(657)	1,208	-154%	657	(1,208)	154%			-
Change in net position	(513)	1,666	-131%	1,188	(802)	248%	675	864	-22%
Beginning net position	6,776	5,110	33%	6,934	7,736	-10%	13,710	12,846	7%
Ending net position	\$ 6,263	\$ 6,776	-8%	\$ 8,122	\$ 6,934	17%	\$ 14,385	\$ 13,710	5%

Governmental Activities

The City's governmental activities had a decrease in net position of \$512,127. Explanations for the more significant changes are as follows:

- 100% decrease in capital grants and contributions due mainly to a decrease in grants awarded.
- 154% decrease in transfers in related to construction of the swimming pool requiring transfers in the prior year.

Business-Type Activities

The business-type activities had an increase in net position of \$1,188,036. Explanations for the more significant changes are as follows:

- Business-type capital grants and contributions increased 33% due to the activity related to a water capital improvement grant from the US Department of Housing and Urban Development.
- Decrease in transfers out related to construction of swimming pool.

TABLE 3 Net Revenue (Expense) of Governmental Activities (In Thousands)

		Expen		% Inc. (Dec.)	Net Ro (Exp of Se	% Inc. (Dec.)	
	2017		<u>2016</u>		2017	<u>2016</u>	
General Government	\$ 213	\$	210	1%	\$ (171)	\$ (178)	4%
Public Safety	2,535		2,438	4%	(1,980)	(1,937)	-2%
Highways and Streets	65		99	-34%	(40)	(73)	45%
Culture and Recreation	249		204	22%	(244)	(191)	-28%
Cemetery	24		62	-61%	9	(26)	135%
Airport	 115		113	2%	 (110)	 (1)	10,900%
Total	\$ 3,201	\$	3,126	2%	\$ (2,536)	\$ (2,406)	5%

The 10,900% decrease in airport net revenue is due to a decrease in FAA grant revenue. The 45% decrease in net street expense is due to decrease in expense in the current year.

TABLE 4
Net Revenue (Expense) of Business-Type Activities
(In Thousands)

		Total I of Se	Expen rvices		% Inc. Dec.		Net Re (Exp of Se	% Inc. Dec.		
	:	2017		<u>2016</u>		2	2017	2	2016	
Electric	\$	2,769	\$	2,785	-1%	\$	436	\$	400	9%
Water		747		742	1%		124		26	377%
Sewer		352		350	1%		10		24	-58%
Sanitation		448		460	-3%		71		90	-21%
Golf		179		180	-1%		(132)		(130)	-1%
Pool		27		15	80%		(11)		(5)	-121%
Total	\$	4,522	\$	4,532	0%	\$	498	\$	405	23%

The increase in water net revenue of 377% is primarily due to a capital grant to improve the water plant. The decrease in sewer net revenue of 58% is due to a decrease in sewer revenue in the current year.

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As the City completed its 2017 fiscal year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$2,371,759. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the General Fund's total fund balance decreased by \$1,008,218. The EMS Fund reported an increase in fund balance of \$337,777 and the proprietary funds reported a combined net position balance of \$8,121,792. During, FY17, the LPWA's total net position increased by \$1,188,036.

Budgetary Highlights

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the General Fund reported actual budgetary basis revenues under final estimates by \$107,594 or a 3.5% negative variance. General Fund actual expenditures were under final appropriations by \$274,328 or a 6.8% positive variance.

CAPITAL ASSETS & DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of June 30, 2017, the City had approximately \$13 million in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation), including land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and park facilities. Below are details regarding the City's capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2017.¹

TABLE 5
Capital Assets
(In Thousands)
(Net of accumulated depreciation)

		Govern	menta	ıl		Busine	ss-Ty	pe					
	<u>Activities</u>			<u>Activities</u>				<u>Total</u>					
		2017		2016		2017		2016		2017		2016	
Land	\$	126	\$	126	\$	515	\$	515	\$	641	\$	641	
Buildings		593		635		267		277		860		912	
Land Improvements		7		9		-		-		7		9	
Machinery, furniture and equipment		796		696		673		657		1,469		1,353	
Infrastructure		3,621		1,559		4,920		4,035		8,541		5,594	
Construction in progress		40		1,858		1,003		670		1,043		2,528	
Totals	\$	5,183	\$	4,883	\$	7,378	\$	6,154	\$	12,561	\$	11,037	

This year's more significant capital asset additions include the following:

- Water Plant Pre-Filtration System
- Replace water main at Kiowa Street
- Finish construction of new swimming pool
- Finish construction of Advanced Metering Infrastructure System
- Wastewater Treatment Plant Project

¹ For more detailed information on capital asset activity please refer to page 35, Note 5. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Debt Administration

• At year-end, the City had \$1.7 million in long-term debt outstanding which represents a \$293,314 decrease from the prior year, due to normal debt retirement payments. Net pension liability increased 17.8% due to changes in the pension actuary and deferral of amortized cost.

TABLE 6								
Long-Term Debt								
(In Thousands)								

		rnmental tivities		ss-Type <u>vities</u>	<u>Tot</u>	Total Percentage <u>Change</u>	
	2017	<u>2016</u>	2017	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	2016-2017
Notes payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,358	\$ 1,651	\$ 1,358	\$ 1,651	-17.7%
Meter deposit liability	-	-	209	203	209	203	3.0%
Accrued compensated absences	65	59	40	54	105	113	-7.1%
Net pension liability	1,810	1,536	-	-	1,810	1,536	17.8%
Totals	\$ 1,875	\$ 1,595	\$ 1,607	\$ 1,908	\$ 3,482	\$ 3,503	-0.6%

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S ESTIMATES

The following information outlines significant factors that will affect subsequent year finances:

Lindsay had a slight increase in sales tax revenue this year due to increased activity throughout the oil and gas industry. The City expects a continued increase in oil and gas production in the immediate Lindsay area to continue and this increase should allow for moderate related sales and use tax gains in Lindsay through FY2017-2018.

The City's current long-term debt obligations continue to be principally related to outstanding notes through the OWRB for water and wastewater improvements which were completed in 2017. Major projects for the next fiscal year include continued work on the street and utility maintenance program, bike and walkways throughout the city and park system, and cleaning maintenance of the Hybarger Creek and flood control channel. The City continues to maintain adequate reserves in both the City and LPWA, and it is unlikely that Lindsay will need to acquire third party financing in the next fiscal year for any capital purchases or improvements.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City Clerk's office at P.O. Box 708, Lindsay, Oklahoma 73572 or telephone at 405-756-3430.

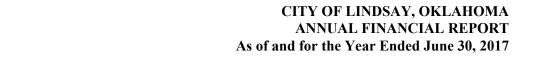
	ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2017
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -	- STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION AND ACTIVITIES

Statement of Net Position – June 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Lindsay Municipal Hospital Authority	Lindsay Industrial Authority
ASSETS	¢ 0.007.000	A 040 550	0.440.044	A 570 707	r 407 400
Cash and cash equivalents Short-term investments	\$ 2,067,288	\$ 1,346,556	\$ 3,413,844	\$ 1,576,767 1,825,741	\$ 167,499
Accounts receivable, net of allowance	118,694	738,953	857,647	1,325,045	-
Internal balances	(170,248)	170,248	057,047	1,323,043	-
Due from other governmental agencies	473,714	85,536	559,250	-	-
Inventories	473,714	195,111	195,111	_	
Prepaid expenses	_	133,111	100,111	286,699	-
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		323.771	323.771	200,033	
Restricted investments		94,000	94,000		
Net pension asset	132,160	117,738	249,898		
Capital assets:	102,100	117,730	243,030		
Land and construction in progress	165.431	1,517,864	1,683,295	23.430	102.443
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	5,018,022	5,859,816	10,877,838	2,009,664	102,443
Total assets	7,805,061	10,449,593	18,254,654	7,047,346	269.942
Total assets	7,000,001	10,449,393	10,234,034	7,047,340	209,942
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
	E70 4EE	170.071	750 006		
Deferred amounts related to pensions	579,155	179,071	758,226		
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	86.064	828,256	914.320	737,941	_
Due to other governments	00,004	7.671	7.671	101,041	
Due to bondholders	472	7,071	472		-
Unearned revenue	1.744	_	1.744	_	_
Accrued interest payable	1,7	7,686	7,686	_	_
Long-term liabilities:		7,000	7,000		
Due within one year	6,519	347,125	353.644	_	_
Due in more than one year	58,674	1,259,626	1,318,300	_	_
Net pension liability	1,810,190	-	1,810,190		
Total liabilities	1,963,663	2,450,364	4,414,027	737,941	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred amounts related to pensions	156,660	56,508	213,168	-	-
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	5,183,453	6,019,506	11,202,959	2,033,094	102,443
Restricted for:	-,,	.,,	, . ,	,,	
City donation	91,873	-	91,873	-	-
Debt service	-	107,518	107,518	_	-
Emergency medical services	1,634,266		1,634,266	-	-
Public works	975	_	975	_	_
Other	257,085	-	257,085	-	-
Unrestricted	(903,759)	1,994,768	1,091,009	4,276,311	167,499
Total net position	\$ 6,263,893	\$ 8,121,792	\$ 14,385,685	\$ 6,309,405	\$ 269,942
•					

Statement of Activities – Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Program Revenue		Net (Expens	e) Revenue and Change	es in Net Position			
Functions/Programs Primary government	Expenses	Charges for Grants and and		Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Lindsay Municipal Hospital Authority	Lindsay Industrial Authority
Governmental Activities General Government Public Safety Highways and Streets Culture and Recreation Cemetery Airport Total governmental activities Business-type Activities: Electric	\$ 213,095 2,534,623 64,505 248,948 23,660 115,486 3,200,317	\$ 13,566 394,609 - 32,414 5,645 446,234 3,204,526	\$ 28,645 160,289 24,590 5,086 - 218,610	\$ - - - - - - - -	\$ (170,884 (1,979,725 (39,915 (243,862 8,754 (109,84 (2,535,473	- - - - - - -	\$ (170,884) (1,979,725) (39,915) (243,862) 8,754 (109,841) (2,535,473)	\$ - - - - - - -	\$ - - - - - - - -
Water Sewer Sanitation Golf Course Pool Total business-type activities	747,360 352,498 447,944 178,942 27,434 4,523,179	3,204,326 571,465 362,586 518,801 47,027 16,786 4,721,191		299,999		433,325 124,104 10,088 70,857 (131,915) (10,648) 498,011	433,325 124,104 10,088 70,857 (131,915) (10,648) 498,011	- - - - -	- - - - -
Total primary government Component unit: Lindsay Municipal Hospital Authority Lindsay Industrial Authority Total component unit	\$ 7,723,496 \$ 11,765,376 9,125 \$ 11,774,501	\$ 5,167,425 \$ 12,142,225 \$ 12,142,225	\$ 218,610 \$ 14,401 \$ 14,401	\$ 299,999 \$ - \$ -	(2,535,473	498,011	(2,037,462)	391,250 - 391,250	(9,125) (9,125)
	Unrestricted investr Miscellaneous Gain on disposal of Transfers	and public service t ment earnings f capital assets evenues and transfe t position ing			2,517,483 96,941 4,888 51,433 9,655 (657,056 2,023,344 (512,127 6,776,020 \$ 6,263,893	3,917 2,074 26,976 () 657,058 690,025 () 1,188,036 6,933,756	2,517,483 96,941 8,805 53,511 36,631 	5,958 763,532 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	91 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet – June 30, 2017

	Gei	neral Fund	•	ial Sales Tax	E	MS Fund	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	102,536	\$		\$	1,555,778	\$	408,974	\$	2,067,288
Receivable from other governments	Ф	361,366	Ф	-	Ф	109,894	Ф	2,454	Ф	473,714
Due from other funds		21,730		975		975		22,130		45,810
Court fines receivable, net		42,750		915		913		22, 130		42,750
Ambulance receivable, net		67,612		-		-		-		67,612
Other receivables		7,972				_		360		8,332
Total assets	\$	603,966	\$	975	\$	1,666,647	\$	433,918	\$	2,705,506
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BA	ALANCE	s								
Accounts payable	\$	14,703	\$		\$		\$		\$	14,703
	ф	71,059	ф	-	ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	71,059
Accrued payroll payable Due to other funds		209,387		-		-		6,671		216,058
Due to bondholders		209,367 472		-		-		0,071		472
Unearned revenue		412		-		-		1,744		1,744
Other payables		302		-		-		1,744		302
Total liabilities	-	295,923						8,415		304.338
Total habilities		230,320						0,410		304,330
Deferred Inflows:		00.400								00.400
Deferred revenue		29,409								29,409
Fund balances:										
Restricted for:										
Street and Alley		-		-		-		172,690		172,690
City Donation		-		-		-		91,873		91,873
Public Works		-		975		-		-		975
Grants		-		-		-		41,412		41,412
Cemetery		-		-		-		42,983		42,983
Emergency Medical Services		-		-		1,634,266		-		1,634,266
Assigned to:										
Capital Improvements		-		-		-		258		258
Street and Alley		-		-		-		2,268		2,268
Public Works		-		-		-		13,231		13,231
Library		-		-		-		23		23
Airport		-		-		-		14,918		14,918
Grants		-		-		-		221		221
Cemetery		-		-		-		45,626		45,626
Emergency Medical Services				-		32,381		-		32,381
Unassigned		278,634		-				-		278,634
Total fund balances	_	278,634	_	975	_	1,666,647	_	425,503	_	2,371,759
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	603,966	\$	975	\$	1,666,647	\$	433,918	\$	2,705,506

<u>Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Year Ended June 30, 2017</u>

	General Fund	Special Sales Tax	EMS Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES		•		•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Taxes	\$ 1,978,840	\$ -	\$ 584,995	\$ -	\$ 2,563,835
Intergovernmental	224,909	-	-	28,661	253,570
Charges for services	338,553	-	-	13,633	352,186
Fines and foreitures	76,233	-	-	=	76,233
Licenses and permits	11,438	-	<u>-</u>	-	11,438
Investment income	1,087	-	2,782	1,019	4,888
Miscellaneous	39,996			26,656	66,652
Total revenues	2,671,056		587,777	69,969	3,328,802
EXPENDITURES Current:					
General government	193,493	_	_	=	193,493
Public Safety	1,498,344	_	_	_	1,498,344
Highway and streets	14,764	_	_	_	14,764
Culture and recreation	171,029	_	_	4.071	175,100
Airport	-	_	_	2,539	2,539
Cemetery	18,692	_	_	2,214	20,906
Public Health and Welfare	934,030	_	_	, <u>-</u>	934,030
Capital Outlay	689,651	_	_	_	689,651
Total Expenditures	3,520,003	_		8,824	3,528,827
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
expenditures	(848,947)		587,777	61,145	(200,025)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	496,346	_	_	_	496.346
Transfers out	(655,617)	_	(250,000)	(247,787)	(1,153,404)
Total other financing sources and uses	(159,271)	_	(250,000)	(247,787)	(657,058)
v					
Net change in fund balances	(1,008,218)	-	337,777	(186,642)	(857,083)
Fund balances - beginning	1,286,852	975	1,328,870	612,145	3,228,842
Fund balances - ending	\$ 278,634	\$ 975	\$ 1,666,647	\$ 425,503	\$ 2,371,759

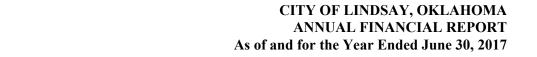
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds and Government-Wide Financial Statements:

Fund Balance – Net Position Reconciliation:

Total fund balance, governmental funds	\$ 2,371,759
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.	5,183,453
Certain long-term assets are not available to pay current fund liabilities and, therefore are deferred in the	
funds: Court fines receivable	29,409
Certain other long-term assets and deferred outflows are not available to pay current fund liabilities and therefore are deferred, or not presented at all in the funds:	
Net pension asset Pension related deferred outflows	132,160 579,155
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, and along with deferred inflows, are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position	
Accrued compensated absences liability	(65,193)
Pension related deferred inflows Net pension liability	(156,660) (1,810,190)
Not portion industry	(1,010,180)
Net Position of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position	\$ 6,263,893

Changes in Fund Balances – Changes in Net Position Reconciliation:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$	(857,083)
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays for capital assets as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditues over the life of the assets: Capital asset purchases capitalized Depreciation expense		680,150 (379,683)
In the Statement of Activities, the net cost of pension benefits earned is calculated and reported as pension expense. The fund financial statements report pension contributions as pension expenditures. This amount represents the difference between pension contributions and calculated pension expense.		44,840
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds: Change in deferred revenue	d	6,377
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Change in accrued compensated absences		(6,343)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabiliites of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.		(385)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	(512,127)



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position – June 30, 2017

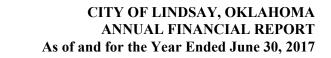
	Lindsay Public Works Authority	Internal Service Fund		
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted:	\$ 1,346,556	\$ -		
Cash and cash equivalents	103,779	-		
Due from other funds	180,603	-		
Accounts receivable, net	738,953	-		
Due from other governments	85,536	_		
Inventories	195,111	_		
Total current assets	2,650,538			
Non-current assets:				
Restricted:				
Cash and cash equivalents	219,992	_		
Investments	94,000	_		
Net pension asset	117,738	_		
Capital Assets:	111,100			
Land and construction in progress	1,517,864	_		
Other capital assets,net of accumulated depreciation	5,859,816	_		
Total non-current assets	7,809,410	· 		
Total assets	10,459,948	· 		
Total assets	10,400,040			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred amounts related to pensions	179,071	_		
Deferred amounts related to pensions				
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	792,201	_		
Salaries payable	36,055	_		
Accrued interest payable	7,686	-		
Due to other governments	7,671	-		
Due to other funds	10,355	-		
Compensated absences	4,001	-		
Due to depositors	41,713	_		
Notes payable	301,411	_		
Total current liabilities	1,201,093			
Non-current liabilities:	1,201,000			
Compensated absences	36,008	_		
Due to depositors	166,857			
Notes payable	1,056,761	-		
Total non-current liabilities	1,259,626	· 		
Total liabilities	2,460,719	<u>-</u>		
Total liabilities	2,400,719			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
	EG E00			
Deferred amounts related to pensions	56,508			
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	6,019,506	_		
Restricted for debt service	107,518	-		
Unrestricted	1,994,768	- -		
Total net position	\$ 8,121,792	\$ -		
. J. C. Pooldon	Ţ 0,121,10Z	<u>*</u>		

<u>Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Year Ended June 30, 2017</u>

	Lindsay Public Works Authority	Internal Service Fund	
OPERATING REVENUES			
Electric	\$ 3,093,820	\$ -	
Water	551,723	-	
Sewer	350,060	-	
Sanitation	500,878	-	
Golf course	47,027	-	
Pool	16,786	-	
Miscellaneous	162,971		
Total operating revenues	4,723,265		
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Billing	125,386		
Electric	2,203,512	-	
Water	459,731	-	
Sewer	161,452	-	
Sanitation	364,540	-	
Administration/Legal	343,898	-	
Golf Course	153,085	-	
Pool	27,434	-	
General government	255,363	-	
Depreciation expense	401,485	-	
Miscellaneous expense	<u> </u>	385	
Total operating expenses	4,495,886	385	
Operating income (loss)	227,379	(385)	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Investment income	3,917	-	
Gain on sale of capital assets	26,976	-	
Interest expense and fiscal agent fees	(27,293)	-	
Total non-operating revenue	3,600	-	
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	230,979	(385)	
Contributed capital	299,999	-	
Transfers in	657,058		
Change in net position	1,188,036	(385)	
Total net position - beginning	6,933,756	385	
Total net position - ending	\$ 8,121,792	\$ -	

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows - Year Ended June 30, 2017

		dsay Public ks Authority	Internal Service Fund	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			,	
Receipts from customers	\$	4,701,695	\$	-
Payments to suppliers		(2,486,795)		-
Payments to employees		(1,177,058)		(385)
Interfund receipts		(109,026)		-
Receipts of customer meter deposits		54,950		-
Refunds of customer meter deposits		(49,721)		(005)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		934,045		(385)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		057.050		
Transfers from other funds		657,058		-
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		657,058		-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Purchases of capital assets		(1,635,725)		-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		36,680		-
Principal paid on debt		(293,314)		-
Capital grant		299,999		-
Interest and fiscal agent fees paid on debt		(28,963)		-
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		(1,621,323)		-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest and dividends		3,917		-
Net cash provided by investing activities		3,917		-
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(26,303)		(385)
Balances - beginning of year		1,696,630		385
Balances - end of year	\$	1,670,327	\$	
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,346,556	\$	
•	φ		φ	-
Restricted cash and cash equivalents - current Restricted cash and cash equivalents - noncurrent		103,779 219,992		-
Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	1,670,327	\$	-
B				
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$	227,379	\$	(385)
Depreciation expense		401,485		- 1
Change in assets and liabilities:				
Due from other funds		(100,080)		-
Due from other governments		(54,340)		-
Due to other funds		(8,946)		-
Due to other governments		(896)		-
Accounts receivable		32,770		-
Inventory		(46,857)		-
Net pension asset		52,529		-
Deferred outflows related to pensions		(105,414)		-
Accounts payable		518,396		-
Accrued payroll payable		(3,555)		-
Deposits subject to refund		5,229		-
Accrued compensated absences		(13,988)		_
Deferred inflows related to pensions		30,333		_
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	934,045	\$	(385)
not out provided by (used in) operating detivities	Ψ	00-7,070	Ψ	(505)



FOOTNOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Footnotes to the Basic Financial Statements:

1. Financial Reporting Entity

In determining the financial reporting entity, the City complies with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by Statement 61, and includes all component units for which the City is financially accountable.

The City's financial reporting entity includes the primary government (City of Lindsay), a blended component unit and two discretely presented component units.

The City of Lindsay- that operates the public safety, streets and highways, parks and recreation, and administrative activities.

The City of Lindsay is a Council/Manager form of government with a population of approximately 2,900 located in Garvin County in south-central Oklahoma. The City is governed by a five-member council and operates under state law and City ordinances through the three branches of democratic government:

- Legislative the City Council is a seven-member governing body elected by the citizens at large
- Executive the City Manager is the Chief Executive Officer and is appointed by the City Council
- Judicial the Municipal Judge is a practicing attorney appointed by the City Council

The City provides typical municipal services such as public safety, culture and recreation, cemetery, streets and public works.

Blended Component Unit [City Council serves as governing body (trustees)]:

The City of Lindsay Public Works Authority – that operates the electric, water, wastewater, sanitation, golf and pool services of the City

The blended component unit (LPWA) has the City Council as their governing body (trustees) and the City is able to impose its will on the LPWA through required approval of all debt obligations issued by these entities.

Discretely Presented Component Units [Separate governing body (trustees) from the City Council]:

Lindsay Municipal Hospital Authority – that provides health care services to the residents of Lindsay and Garvin County

Lindsay Industrial Development Authority – that promotes industrial development within the City of Lindsay

Complete financial statements for the Lindsay Municipal Hospital Authority may be obtained at the City's administrative offices.

The City provides typical municipal services such as public safety, street and alley maintenance, parks and recreation, and, through its public trusts, certain utility services including electric, water, wastewater, and sanitation, and industrial development activities.

The component units are Public Trusts established pursuant to Title 60 of Oklahoma State law. Public Trusts (Authorities) have no taxing power. The Authorities are generally created to finance City services through issuance of revenue bonds or other non-general obligation debt and to enable the City Council to delegate certain functions to the governing body (Trustees) of the Authorities. The Authorities generally retain title to assets which are acquired or constructed with Authority debt or other Authority generated resources. The City, as beneficiary of the Public Trusts, receives title to any residual assets when a Public Trust is dissolved.

2. Basis of Presentation and Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The statements of net position and activities are reported on the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses (including depreciation and amortization) are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Program revenues within the Statement of Activities are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside of the City's taxpayers. The City has the following program revenues in each activity:

- General Government license and permits, and capital grants
- Public Safety fines and forfeitures, fire run charges, ambulance runs, restricted operating grants and restricted capital grants
- Streets and Highways commercial vehicle and gasoline excise tax shared by the State
- Culture and recreation operating grants and donations
- Cemetery cemetery openings/closings and lot sales
- Airport hangar rentals, land leases and capital grants
- Utilities charges services for electric, water, sewer and sanitation

All other revenues are reported as general. All taxes are classified as general revenue even if restricted for a specific purpose.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures; accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Governmental Funds:

The City's governmental funds are comprised of the following:

Major Funds:

- General Fund accounts for all activities not accounted for in other special-purpose funds
- EMS Fund a special revenue fund that accounts for a 1 cent dedicated sales tax to be used for emergency medical services
- Special Sales Tax –a capital project fund that accounts for the collection and transfer of dedicated sales tax to the Public Works Authority for capital related debt service payments

Aggregated Non-Major Funds (Reported as Other Governmental Funds):

Special Revenue Funds:

- City Donation accounts for donations received for various purposes
- Street and Alley Fund accounts for state shared gasoline excise and commercial vehicle taxes legally restricted for street and alley purposes
- LPWA Donation Fund accounts for donations received for the Public Works Authority
- Library Fund accounts for revenues received from library fines, copies, etc. Funds are used for operations of the library
- Grant Fund accounts for various grants for the city

Capital Project Funds:

- Cemetery Care Fund accounts for 25 percent of cemetery revenues restricted by City Ordinance for cemetery capital improvements
- Airport Fund a capital project fund that accounts for revenues and expenditures for airport operations
- Capital Improvement Fund a capital project fund that accounts for capital expenditures of all departments, in all funds.

The governmental funds are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting and current financial resources measurement focus. On the modified accrual basis of accounting revenues are recorded when earned and measurable and available to pay current financial obligations, while expenditures are recorded when incurred and payable from current financial resources. The City defines revenue availability as collected within 60 days of period end.

The reconciliation of the governmental funds financial statements to the governmental activities presentation in the government-wide financial statements is the result of the use of the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus at the government-wide level.

The General Fund, Special Sales Tax Fund, and EMS Fund are considered major funds and are therefore displayed in separate columns. All other governmental funds are considered non-major funds and are aggregated under the column Other Governmental Funds.

Proprietary Funds:

When the City charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds include enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. Proprietary funds are reported on the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus. For example, proprietary fund capital assets are capitalized and depreciated and principal payments on long-term debt are recorded as a reduction to the liability. The City's enterprise fund is the Lindsay Public Works Authority.

The City's proprietary funds are comprised of the following:

- Lindsay Public Works Authority (LPWA) a major enterprise fund that accounts for the operation of the electric, water, sewer, sanitation, golf course and swimming pool activities
- Internal Service Fund, which includes the Insurance Fund accounts for the employer's cost, the employee's payroll deduction and retirees' health insurance premiums. The City determined this fund was no longer necessary and closed the fund in fiscal year 2017.

For purposes of the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position, operating revenues and expenses are considered those whose cash flows are related to operating activities, while revenues and expenses related to financing, capital and investing activities are reported as non-operating or transfers and contributions.

3. Cash, Cash Equivalents, Deposits and Investments

For the purposes of the statements of net position, balance sheets, and statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes all demand and savings accounts, certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three-months or less. Revenue bond and promissory note trust account investments in open-ended mutual fund shares are also considered cash equivalents and are reported at the funds' current share prices.

Investments consist of non-negotiable certificates of deposit whose original maturity term exceeds three months and mutual funds. These non-negotiable certificates of deposit are carried at cost. Marketable investments are carried at fair value.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City recognized \$8,805 of investment income. Due to the minimal rates of return on allowable investments in the current environment, most of the City's deposits are in demand and short-term time deposits.

At June 30, 2017, the primary government held the following deposits and investments:

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:

Toma	Mataritian	Credit Rating	Fair Value Valuation Level	Carrying/Fair Value
Type	Maturities	Kating	v aluation Level	value
Deposits:				
Petty cash				\$ 500
Demand deposits				3,621,911
Time deposits	May 2017			94,000
				3,716,411
Investments:				
Cavanal Hill U.S. Trea	sury-Admin #0002	Aaa	N/A	92,063
Invesco Prem US Gov	Money-Inst #1949	Aaa-mf	N/A	23,141
				115,204
Total deposits and inves	stments			\$ 3,831,615
Reconciliation to Staten	nent of Net Position:			
Cash and cash equiva	alents			\$ 3,413,844
Restricted cash and c	ash equivalents			323,771
Restricted Investmen	ts			94,000
				\$ 3,831,615

CITY OF LINDSAY, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Custody Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government deposits may not be returned to it. The City is governed by the State Public Deposit Act which requires that the City obtain and hold collateral whose fair value exceeds the amount of uninsured deposits. Investment securities are exposed to custody credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and if held by a counterparty or a counterparty's trust, department or agent, but not in the government's name.

As of June 30, 2017, the City and the LPWA were not exposed to custodial credit risk as defined above.

As of June 30, 2017, the deposits and investments for the Lindsay Municipal Hospital Authority were \$3,648,903. Of this amount, \$2,898,000 was exposed to custodial credit risk and \$750,903 was collateralized.

Investment Interest Rate Risk - the City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Investment Credit Risk - The City has no investment policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitations of state law that generally authorize investments in: (1) full faith and credit, direct obligations of the U. S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities, and the State of Oklahoma and certain mortgage insured federal debt; (2) certificates of deposit or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral; (3) negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations; (4) county, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district; and government money market funds regulated by the SEC. These investment limitations do not apply to the City's public trusts.

As of June 30, 2017, the City's investments consisted of \$115,204 of money market open-ended mutual funds invested in U.S. Treasury securities with a credit rating of Aaa as rated by Standard and Poor's.

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 are significant unobservable inputs. There were no investments within the hierarchy at June 30, 2017.

Concentration of Investment Credit Risk - the City places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

Restricted Cash and Investments – The amounts reported as restricted assets on the statement of net position are comprised of amounts restricted for debt service, or deposits held for others. The restricted assets as of June 30, 2017 are as follows:

Type of Restricted Asset	Cas	Current Noncurrent Cash and cash equivalents equivalents		Investments		Total	
Utility Deposits	\$	41,713	\$	166,854	\$	94,000	\$ 302,567
OWRB Debt Service		38,925		53,138		-	92,063
2012 Note Trustee Accounts		23,141					23,141
Total	\$	103,779	\$	219,992	\$	94,000	\$417,771

4. Accounts Receivable

<u>Accounts Receivable</u> - Accounts receivable of the business-type activities consist of customers utilities services provided, both billed and unbilled, due at year end, reported net of allowance for uncollectible amounts. The governmental activities receivables include ambulance and court fines receivables.

			Less:	Less: Allowance		Net	
	Accounts		for Uncollectible		Accounts		
	F	Receivable	Accounts		F	Receivable	
Governmental Activities:							
Ambulance receivable	\$	252,974	\$	185,362	\$	67,612	
Court fines		213,751		171,001		42,750	
Other receivables		20,482		12,150		8,332	
Total Governmental Activities	\$	487,207	\$	368,513	\$	118,694	
Business-Type Activities:							
Utilities	\$	1,395,774	\$	656,821	\$	738,953	
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	1,395,774	\$	656,821	\$	738,953	
Lindsay Municipal Hospital Authority:							
Patient recievable	\$	1,715,045	\$	390,000	\$	1,325,045	
Total Lindsay Municipal Hospital Authority	\$	1,715,045	\$	390,000	\$	1,325,045	

5. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital Assets:

Capital assets consist of land, land improvement, construction in progress, buildings and building improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure. A capitalization threshold of \$1,000 is used to report capital assets. Capital assets are reported at actual or estimated historical cost. Estimated historical cost was used to value the majority of the assets acquired prior to June 30, 2003. Prior to July 1, 2003, governmental funds' infrastructure assets, such as streets, bridges, drainage systems and traffic signal systems were not capitalized. Infrastructure assets acquired since that date are recorded at cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair value at the date of donation.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Asset</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	50
Infrastructure	30
Vehicles	5
Computer equipment	5
Machinery and equipment	10

For the year ended June 30, 2017, capital assets balances changed as follows:

Primary Government:

	Balance at	A alalitia	Diamanala		Balance at
Governmental activities:	July 1, 2016	Additions	Disposals	Ju	ne 30, 2017
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 125.750	\$ -	\$ -	\$	125,750
Construction in progress	1,858,183	363,390	2,181,892	•	39,681
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,983,933	363,390	2,181,892		165,431
Other capital assets:					,
Buildings	1,521,255	2,655	_		1,523,910
Land Improvements	27,500	-	_		27,500
Computers & Electronics	117,720	_	_		117,720
Furniture & Fixtures	31,604	_	_		31,604
Vehicles	1,940,676	190,327	94,310		2,036,693
Infrastructure	4,229,739	2,254,919	-		6,484,658
Machinery & Equipment	1,134,970	50,751	-		1,185,721
Total other capital assets at historical cost	9,003,464	2,498,652	94,310		11,407,806
Less accumulated depreciation for:					, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Buildings	886,040	44,694	_		930,734
Land Improvements	18,638	1,833	-		20,471
Computers & Electronics	117,719	, <u>-</u>	-		117,719
Furniture & Fixtures	27,288	1,060	-		28,348
Vehicles	1,594,700	77,141	94,310		1,577,531
Infrastructure	2,671,224	192,496	-		2,863,720
Machinery & Equipment	788,802	62,459	-		851,261
Total accumulated depreciation	6,104,411	379,683	94,310		6,389,784
Other capital assets, net	2,899,053	2,118,969			5,018,022
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 4,882,986	\$ 2,482,359	\$ 2,181,892	\$	5,183,453
Business-type activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 515,003	\$ -	\$ -	\$	515,003
Construction in progress	670,419	1,463,791	1,131,349		1,002,861
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,185,422	1,463,791	1,131,349		1,517,864
Other capital assets:					
Buildings	812,537	-	-		812,537
Computers & Electronics	113,512	-	-		113,512
Furniture & Fixtures	8,840	-	-		8,840
Vehicles	511,715	34,058	-		545,773
Machinery & equipment	1,326,620	117,817	11,880		1,432,557
Infrastructure	16,926,196	1,151,408			18,077,604
Total other capital assets at historical cost	19,699,420	1,303,283	11,880		20,990,823
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	534,085	11,546	-		545,631
Computers & Electronics	102,594	2,549	-		105,143
Furniture & Fixtures	8,840	-	-		8,840
Vehicles	482,804	6,512	-		489,316
Machinery and equipment	711,980	114,556	2,178		824,358
Infrastructure	12,891,397	266,322			13,157,719
Total accumulated depreciation	14,731,700	401,485	2,178		15,131,007
Other capital assets, net	4,967,720	901,798	9,702		5,859,816
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 6,153,142	\$ 2,365,589	\$ 1,141,051	\$	7,377,680

CITY OF LINDSAY, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Balance at July 1, 2016		Additions		Disposals		Balance at June 30, 2017	
Lindsay Municipal Hospital Authority:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	14,164	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,164
Construction in progress		723		8,543		-		9,266
Total capital assets not being depreciated		14,887		8,543		-		23,430
Other capital assets:								
Buildings	3	3,003,348		-		-		3,003,348
Land Improvements		34,266		-		-		34,266
Machinery & Equipment	2	2,762,079	74	4,895	512	2,831		2,994,143
Total other capital assets at historical cost		5,799,693	74	4,895	512	2,831		6,031,757
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings	1	1,891,817	6	2,361		-		1,954,178
Land Improvements		34,266		-		-		34,260
Machinery & Equipment	2	2,461,272	8	5,208	512	2,831		2,033,649
Total accumulated depreciation		1,387,355	14	7,569	512	2,831		4,022,093
Other capital assets, net		1,412,338	59	7,326		_		2,009,664
Municipal Hospital capital assets, net	\$ 1	1,427,225	\$ 60	5,869	\$		\$	2,033,094
Lindsay Industrial Authority:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	102,443	\$	-	\$	-	\$	102,443
Other capital assets:								
Buildings		800		-		-		800
Furniture & Fixtures		256		-		-		250
Total other capital assets at historical cost		1,056				_		1,056
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		800		-		-		800
Furniture & Fixtures		256		-		-		256
Total accumulated depreciation		1,056				-		1,056
Other capital assets, net						-		,
Industrial Authority activities capital assets, net	\$	102,443	\$		\$	_	\$	102,44

Depreciation of capital assets is included in total expenses and is charged or allocated to the activities primarily benefiting from the use of the specific asset. Depreciation expense has been allocated as follows:

Governmental Activities:		Business-Type Activities:		
General government	\$ 19,602	Electric \$ 66,893		
Public safety	137,910	Water 186,801		
Highways and streets	49,031	Sewer 119,251		
Culture and recreation	54,825	Sanitation 2,683		
Cemetery	5,367	Golf Course 25,857		
Airport	112,948			
	\$ 379,683	\$ 401,485		

6. Long-Term Debt and Debt Service Requirements

Accrued compensated absences \$ 58,850 \$ 6,343 \$ - \$ 65,193 \$ 6,519 Total Governmental Activities \$ 58,850 \$ 6,343 \$ - \$ 65,193 \$ 6,519 Net pension liability 1,810,190 \$ 1,875,383 Business-Type Activities: Notes payable \$ 1,651,486 \$ - \$ 293,314 \$ 1,358,172 \$ 301,411 Meter deposit liability 203,341 5,229 - 208,570 41,713 Accrued compensated absences 53,997 - 13,988 40,009 4,001 Total Business-Type Activities 1,908,824 5,229 307,302 1,606,751 347,125 Total Long-Term Debt \$ 1,967,674 \$ 11,572 \$ 307,302 \$ 1,671,944 \$ 353,644 Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position: S 6,519 Due in more than one year \$ 58,674 Net pension liability 1,810,190 Total Governmental Activities Long-term liabilities \$ 1,875,383 Business-Type Activities: \$ 347,125 Due within one year \$ 347,125 Due within one year \$ 347,125 Due in more than one year \$ 347,	Type of Debt Governmental Activities:		Balance ly 1, 2016	<u>Ac</u>	lditions	<u>De</u>	ductions		Balance ne 30, 2017	 e Within me Year
Net pension liability		\$	58 850	\$	6 343	\$	_	\$	65 193	\$ 6.519
Net pension liability	1			-		_		Ψ		
Sample						_				
Notes payable \$ 1,651,486 \$ - \$ 293,314 \$ 1,358,172 \$ 301,411					Net p	ensio	n liability		1,810,190	
Notes payable \$ 1,651,486 \$ - \$ 293,314 \$ 1,358,172 \$ 301,411 Meter deposit liability 203,341 5,229 - 208,570 41,713 Accrued compensated absences 53,997 - 13,988 40,009 4,001 Total Business-Type Activities 1,908,824 5,229 307,302 1,606,751 347,125 Total Long-Term Debt \$ 1,967,674 \$ 11,572 \$ 307,302 \$ 1,671,944 \$ 353,644 Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position: Governmental Activities: Due within one year \$ 6,519 Due in more than one year \$ 8,674 Net pension liability 1,810,190 Total Governmental Activities Long-term liabilities \$ 1,875,383 Business-Type Activities: Due within one year \$ 347,125 Due in more than one year \$ 347,125 Due in more than one year \$ 347,125					•		•	\$	1,875,383	
Notes payable \$ 1,651,486 \$ - \$ 293,314 \$ 1,358,172 \$ 301,411 Meter deposit liability 203,341 5,229 - 208,570 41,713 Accrued compensated absences 53,997 - 13,988 40,009 4,001 Total Business-Type Activities 1,908,824 5,229 307,302 1,606,751 347,125 Total Long-Term Debt \$ 1,967,674 \$ 11,572 \$ 307,302 \$ 1,671,944 \$ 353,644 Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position: Governmental Activities: Due within one year \$ 6,519 Due in more than one year \$ 8,674 Net pension liability 1,810,190 Total Governmental Activities Long-term liabilities \$ 1,875,383 Business-Type Activities: Due within one year \$ 347,125 Due in more than one year \$ 347,125 Due in more than one year \$ 347,125	Business-Type Activities:									
Accrued compensated absences 53,997 - 13,988 40,009 4,001 Total Business-Type Activities 1,908,824 5,229 307,302 1,606,751 347,125 Total Long-Term Debt \$ 1,967,674 \$ 11,572 \$ 307,302 \$ 1,671,944 \$ 353,644 Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position: Governmental Activities:		\$	1,651,486	\$	-	\$	293,314	\$	1,358,172	\$ 301,411
Total Business-Type Activities	1 2		203,341		5,229		, -			41,713
Total Business-Type Activities	Accrued compensated absences		53,997		_		13,988		40,009	4,001
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position: Governmental Activities: Due within one year \$ 6,519 Due in more than one year \$ 58,674 Net pension liability \$ 1,810,190 Total Governmental Activities Long-term liabilities \$ 1,875,383 Business-Type Activities: Due within one year \$ 347,125 Due in more than one year \$ 1,259,626	-		1,908,824		5,229		307,302		1,606,751	 347,125
Governmental Activities: Due within one year Due in more than one year Net pension liability Total Governmental Activities Long-term liabilities Business-Type Activities: Due within one year Due in more than one year Sarajassassassassassassassassassassassassas	Total Long-Term Debt	\$	1,967,674	\$	11,572	\$	307,302	\$	1,671,944	\$ 353,644
Governmental Activities: Due within one year Due in more than one year Net pension liability Total Governmental Activities Long-term liabilities Business-Type Activities: Due within one year Due in more than one year Sarajassassassassassassassassassassassassas										
Governmental Activities: Due within one year Due in more than one year Net pension liability Total Governmental Activities Long-term liabilities Business-Type Activities: Due within one year Due in more than one year Sarajassassassassassassassassassassassassas										
Due within one year Due in more than one year Net pension liability Total Governmental Activities Long-term liabilities Business-Type Activities: Due within one year Due in more than one year Service of the s	Reconciliation to Statement of Net Pos	ition:								
Due in more than one year Net pension liability Total Governmental Activities Long-term liabilities Business-Type Activities: Due within one year Due in more than one year Saday, 125 Due in more than one year 1,259,626	Governmental Activities:									
Net pension liability Total Governmental Activities Long-term liabilities Business-Type Activities: Due within one year Due in more than one year 1,810,190 \$ 1,875,383 \$ 347,125	Due within one year							\$	6,519	
Total Governmental Activities Long-term liabilities Sample	Due in more than one year								58,674	
Business-Type Activities: Due within one year \$ 347,125 Due in more than one year 1,259,626	Net pension liability								1,810,190	
Due within one year\$ 347,125Due in more than one year1,259,626	Total Governmental Activities L	ong-tei	m liabilities					\$	1,875,383	
Due within one year\$ 347,125Due in more than one year1,259,626										
Due in more than one year 1,259,626	Business-Type Activities:									
	Due within one year							\$	347,125	
Total Business-Type Activities Long-term liabilities \$ 1,606,751	Due in more than one year								1,259,626	
	Total Business-Type Activities	Long-to	erm liabilities					\$	1,606,751	

It should be noted that compensated absences are normally liquidated with resources from General Fund and Lindsay Public Works Authority enterprise fund. In addition, meter deposit liabilities are liquidated with resources from the Lindsay Public Works Authority enterprise fund.

Governmental Activities:

At June 30, 2017, the governmental activities long-term payable from taxes and other general revenues include the following:

Accrued Compensated Absences

Total Accrued Compensated Absences	\$	58,674
	-	65,193
Current portion	\$	-
Noncurrent portion		1,810,190 1,810,190
	-	Noncurrent portion

Business-Type Activities:

Long-term debt commitments payable from net revenues generated by the utility resources or other resources pledged to City's business-type activities at June 30, 2017, includes the following:

Long-Term Note Commitments

OWRB Amended Series 2000 Promissory Note dated February 2000, original amount of \$575,000, due in semi-annual installments each February 15 and August 15, final installment due February 2020, interest rate of 2.30%. Note is secured by a pledge of utility revenues and sales tax and also a mortgage with power of sale and security agreement.	\$ 155,000
OWRB-DWSRF Promissory Note dated November 2000, original amount \$3,195,000, due in semi-annual principal installments each March 15 and September 15, final installment due September 15, 2022, interest rate of 3.58%. The note is secured by a pledge of net utility revenues.	844,317
Note payable to Oklahoma Dept of Commerce dated September 1, 2000, original amount of \$87,500, payable in monthly installments of \$365 with a 0% interest rate, final payment due October 2020.	13,855
Note payable to Bank of Oklahoma dated August 9, 2012, original amount of \$630,000, due in semi-annual principal installments each March 1 and September 1, final installment due September 1, 2022, interest rate of 2.71%. Note is secured by a pledge of utility revenues and sales tax.	345,000
Total Notes Payable	\$ 1,358,172
Current portion Noncurrent portion Total Notes Payable	\$ 301,411 1,056,761 1,358,172
Meter Deposit Liability	
Current portion Noncurrent portion Total Meter Deposit Liability	\$ 41,713 166,857 208,570
Accrued Compensated Absences	
Current portion Noncurrent portion Total Accrued Compensated Absences	\$ 4,001 36,008 40,009

Long-term debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Business-Type						
Year Ended		Notes Payable					
June 30,	-	Principal	<u>I</u>	nterest			
2018	\$	301,411	\$	23,453			
2019		314,563		17,682			
2020		343,481		11,241			
2021		291,654		5,241			
2022		107,063		731			
		_					
Total	\$	1,358,172	\$	58,348			

Compensated Absences

The City's policies regarding vacation time permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation leave, as well as sick and comp time benefits. Beginning December 1, 2014, the city's policy regarding accumulated sick leave permits employees to accumulate unused sick leave to a maximum of 240 hours. Beginning July 1, 2012, the city's policy regarding accumulated vacation leave is a maximum of 240 hours of vacation for all employees. All vacation and comp pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental and proprietary funds.

Pledge of Future Revenues

<u>Sales Tax and Utility Net Revenues Pledge</u> - The City has pledged one cent (or 25%) of future sales tax revenues and net utility revenues to repay the \$575,000, \$3,195,000, and \$630,000 Series 2000, Series 2001 DWSRF OWRB, and Series 2012 Promissory Notes, respectively. Proceeds from the notes provided financing for capital assets. The notes are payable from pledged sales tax revenues and net utility revenues and are payable through 2022. The total principal and interest payable for the remainder of the life of these notes is \$1,402,667 Pledged sales taxes received in the current year were \$655,617 and net utility revenues were \$613,149. Debt service payments of \$322,865 for the current fiscal year were 25.4% of both pledged sales taxes and net utility revenues of \$1,268,766.

7. Net Position and Fund Balances

Net Position:

Net position is reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements and is displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets and related accounts, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by

- 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. *Unrestricted net position* All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

It is the City's policy to first use restricted net position prior to the use of unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Fund Balances

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. These classifications are defined as:

- a. Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted consists of fund balance with constraints placed on the use of resources either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Committed includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the city's highest level of decision-making authority. The City's highest level of decision-making authority is made by ordinance. The City currently reports no committed fund balance.
- d. Assigned includes amounts that are constrained by the city's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments of fund balance may be made by city council action or management decision when the city council has delegated that authority. Assignments for transfers and interest income for governmental funds are made through the budgetary process.
- e. Unassigned represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

It is the City's policy to first use restricted fund balance prior to the use of unrestricted fund balance when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance are available. The City's policy for the use of unrestricted fund balance amounts require that committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

Enterprise Funds:

Debt service and reserve for promissory notes:

Cash and investments \$115,204
Less: accrued interest payable (7,686)
Total Enterprise Fund Restriction for Debt Service \$107,518

8. Inventories

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

9. Sales Tax Revenue

Sales tax revenue represents a 4 cent tax on each dollar of taxable sales of which 1 cent is transferred to the Lindsay Public Works Authority and used to secure debt payments and 1 cent is voter restricted (Ordinance #452) for Emergency Services.

Tax Abatements:

The City entered into a sales tax rebate agreement with a local business as allowed in the Oklahoma State Constitution, Article 10, Section 14. Under this law, the City may establish economic development programs and provide sales tax increments for development as part of its economic development plan.

The sales tax rebate program allows a developer to receive rebated sales tax in the amount equal to 25% of the sales tax collected and paid to the Oklahoma Tax Commission by the business. To be eligible for this program, the business shall operate a hotel business providing quality jobs in the City.

Due to confidentiality laws in Oklahoma statutes Title 68, Section 1354.11, the amounts of sales taxes rebated will not be disclosed. The following business had a rebate agreement with the City as of June 30, 2017:

• A local hotel chain received rebated sales tax during 2016-2017. The agreement is for the City to pay quarterly incentive payments to the operator equal to 25% of the municipal sales tax actually collected from the hotel business and paid to the Oklahoma Tax Commission. This agreement continues until July 2018 unless the business is sold to another company at which time the sales tax rebate agreement will end.

10. Internal Balances and Transfers between Legal Entities

The City's policy is to eliminate inter-fund transfers and balances in the statements of activities and net position to avoid the grossing up of balances. Only the residual balances transferred between governmental and business-type activities are reported as internal transfers and internal balances and then offset in the total column in the government-wide statements. Inter-fund transfers and balances between funds are not eliminated in the fund financial statements.

CITY OF LINDSAY, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Internal balances between fund and legal entities are comprised of the following:

Due From	Due To	Amount	Nature of Balance
LPWA	General Fund	\$ 10,355	expenses paid on behalf of LPWA
Library Fund	General Fund	745	grant activity
General Fund	LPWA	70,622	sales tax
General Fund	LPWA	109,895	sales tax
General Fund	Airport	1,025	operating revenue
Airport	LPWA	86	operating revenue
Donation Fund	Grant Fund	5,840	grant activity
General Fund	Grant Fund	9,800	grant activity
General Fund	Street & Alley Fund	4,902	deposit correction
General Fund	Cemetery	563	cemetery lot sales
General Fund	Police Bond Fund	10,630	court activity
General Fund	EMS Fund	975	sales tax
General Fund	Special Sales Tax Fund	975	sales tax
Total		\$ 226,413	
Reconciliation to Fund Fina	ancial Statements:		
	Due From	Due To	Net Internal Balances
Governmental Funds	\$ 45,810	\$ (216,058)	\$ (170,248)
Proprietary Funds	180,603	(10,355)	170,248
Total	\$ 226,413	\$ (226,413)	\$ -

Transfers between funds and legal entities are comprised of the following:

Transfer From	Tı	ansfer To		Amount	Purpose	of Transfer
Emergency 1% Sales Tax Fund Capital Improvement Fund	General Fund General Fund		\$	250,000 246,346	sales tax transfe	=
Donation Fund	LPWA			1,441	operating subsid	ly
General Fund Total	LPWA		\$	655,617 1,153,404	sales tax transfe	r
Reconciliation to Fund Financial	Statements:					
	Tr	ansfers In	Tı	ransfers Out	Net T	ransfers
Governmental Funds	\$	496,346	\$	(1,153,404)	\$	(657,058)
Proprietary Funds		657,058		-		657,058
	\$	1,153,404	\$	(1,153,404)	\$	-

11. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health and life; and natural disasters. The City manages these various risks of loss as follows:

- General Liability, Fleet Coverage, and Physical Property Covered through participation in Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group risk entity pool.
- Workers' Compensation Workers' compensation is covered through purchase of commercial insurance Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group.
- Employee's Group Health and Life Covered through purchase of commercial insurance Blue Cross Blue Shield.

The City's risk is transferred to the risk entity pool except for claim deductible amounts. The risk pool maintains deposits for claims reserves and other purposes for the benefit of the city. Management believes such insurance coverage listed above is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the City, and such claims have not exceeded the coverage over the past three fiscal years.

12. Retirement Plan Participation

The City participates in three employee retirement plans:

- Oklahoma Firefighter's Pension and Retirement System (FPRS) a statewide cost-sharing plan
- Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System (OPPRS) a statewide cost-sharing plan
- Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund Defined Benefit Plan a defined benefit plan

Oklahoma Firefighters' Pension and Retirement System:

<u>Plan description</u> - The City, as the employer, participates in the Firefighters Pension & Retirement—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension & Retirement System (FPRS). Title 11 of the Oklahoma State Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the FPRS. FPRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ok.gov/FPRS.

Benefits provided - FPRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to members of the plan. Benefits for members hired prior to November 1, 2013 are determined as 2.5 percent of the employee's final average compensation times the employee's years of service and have reached the age of 50 or have complete 20 years of service, whichever is later. For volunteer firefighters, the monthly pension benefit for normal retirement is \$150.60 per month. Benefits vest with 10 years or more of service.

Benefits for members hired after November 1, 2013 are determined as 2.5 percent of the employee's final average compensation times the employee's years of service and have reached the age of 50 or have complete 22 years of service, whichever is later. For volunteer firefighters, the monthly pension benefit for normal retirement is \$165.66 per month. Benefits vest with 11 years or more of service.

All firefighters are eligible for immediate disability benefits. For paid firefighters, the disability in-the-line-of-duty benefit for firefighters with less than 20 years of service is equal to 50% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 30 months of service. For firefighters with over 20 years of service, a disability in-the-line-of-duty is calculated based on 2.5% of final average monthly

compensation, based on the most recent 30 months, per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years of service. For disabilities not-in-the-line-of-duty, the benefit is limited to only those with less than 20 years of service and is 50% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 60-month salary as opposed to 30 months. For volunteer firefighters, the not-in-line-of-duty disability is also limited to only those with less than 20 years of service and is \$7.53 per year of service. For volunteer firefighters, the in-line-of-duty pension is \$150.60 with less than 20 years of service, or \$7.53 per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years.

A \$5,000 lump sum death benefit is payable to the qualified spouse or designated recipient upon the participant's death. The \$5,000 death benefit does not apply to members electing the vested benefit.

<u>Contributions</u> - The contributions requirements of the Plan are at an established rate determined by Oklahoma Statute and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute 9% percent of their annual pay. Participating cities are required to contribute 14% of the employees' annual pay. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$52,677. The State of Oklahoma also made onbehalf contributions to FPRS in the amount of \$129,811 during the calendar year and this is reported as both a revenue and an expenditure in the General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, revenue is recognized for the state's on-behalf contributions on an accrual basis of \$126,473. These on-behalf payments did not meet the criteria of a special funding situation.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2017, the City reported a net pension liability of \$1,673,479 for its proportionate share of the total net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2016. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by pension plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2016. Based upon this information, the City's proportion was 0.13698%.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$161,594. At June 30, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	 ed Inflows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 44,861	\$ -
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	102,392	-
Changes in proportion	11,026	69,795
City's contribution during the measurement date	-	2,340
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 52,677	
Total	\$ 210,956	\$ 72,135

The \$52,677 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Any other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

r ended June 30:	
2018	\$ 1,773
2019	1,773
2020	55,079
2021	38,256
2022	(8,362)
Thereafter	(2,375)
Total	\$ 86,144

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>- The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 3%

Salary increases: 3.5% to 9.0% average, including inflation Investment rate of return: 7.5% net of pension plan investment expense

Mortality rates were based on the RP2000 combined healthy with blue collar adjustment as appropriate, with adjustments for generational mortality improvement using scale AA for healthy lives and no mortality improvement for disabled lives.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2016, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2007, to June 30, 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2016, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>	Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	20%	5.18%
Domestic equity	47%	8.70%
International equity	15%	10.87%
Real estate	10%	7.23%
Other assets	8%	6.24%

<u>Discount Rate</u>- The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually

CITY OF LINDSAY, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2017

required rates, determined by State statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State of Oklahoma will continue contributing 36% of the insurance premium, as established by statute. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>-The following presents the net pension liability of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	19	1% Decrease 6.5%		Current Discount Rate 7.5%		% Increase
						8.5%
Employers' net pension liability	\$	2,118,496	\$	1,673,479	\$	1,300,386

<u>Pension plan fiduciary net position</u> - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the FPRS which can be located at www.ok.gov/FPRS.

Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System:

<u>Plan description</u> - The City, as the employer, participates in the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement Plan—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System (OPPRS). Title 11 of the Oklahoma State Statutes, through the Oklahoma Legislature, grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the OPPRS. OPPRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ok.gov/OPPRS.

<u>Benefits provided</u> - OPPRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to members of the plan. The normal retirement date under the Plan is the date upon which the participant completes 20 years of credited service, regardless of age. Participants become vested upon completing 10 years of credited service as a contributing participant of the Plan. No vesting occurs prior to completing 10 years of credited service. Participants' contributions are refundable, without interest, upon termination prior to normal retirement. Participants who have completed 10 years of credited service may elect a vested benefit in lieu of having their accumulated contributions refunded. If the vested benefit is elected, the participant is entitled to a monthly retirement benefit commencing on the date the participant reaches 50 years of age or the date the participant would have had 20 years of credited service had employment continued uninterrupted, whichever is later.

Monthly retirement benefits are calculated at 2.5% of the final average salary (defined as the average paid base salary of the officer over the highest 30 consecutive months of the last 60 months of credited service) multiplied by the years of credited service, with a maximum of 30 years of credited service considered.

Monthly benefits for participants due to permanent disability incurred in the line of duty are 2.5% of the participants' final average salary multiplied by 20 years. This disability benefit is reduced by stated percentages for partial disability based on the percentage of impairment. After 10 years of credited service, participants who retire due to disability incurred from any cause are eligible for a monthly benefit based on 2.5% of their final average salary multiplied by the years of service. This disability benefit is

also reduced by stated percentages for partial disability based on the percentage of impairment. Effective July 1, 1998, once a disability benefit is granted to a participant, that participant is no longer allowed to apply for an increase in the dollar amount of the benefit at a subsequent date.

Survivor's benefits are payable in full to the participant's beneficiary upon the death of a retired participant. The beneficiary of any active participant killed in the line of duty is entitled to a pension benefit.

<u>Contributions</u> - The contributions requirements of the Plan are at an established rate determine by Oklahoma Statute and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute 8% of their annual pay. Participating cities are required to contribute 13% of the employees' annual pay. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$32,162. The State of Oklahoma also made onbehalf contributions to OPPRS in the amount of \$28,309 during the calendar year and this is reported as both a revenue and an expenditure in the General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, revenue is recognized for the state's on-behalf contributions on an accrual basis of \$32,061. These on-behalf payments did not meet the criteria of a special funding situation.

<u>Resources Related to Pensions</u> - At June 30, 2017, the City reported a liability of \$136,711 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2016. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by the pension plan relative to the total contributions received by pension plan for all participating employers as of June 30, 2016. Based upon this information, the City's proportion was 0.08927%.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$48,004. At June 30, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 439	\$	15,357
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	131,356		-
Changes in proportion	3,695		6,194
City contributions during measurement date	-		409
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	32,162		-
Total	\$ 167,652	\$	21,960

CITY OF LINDSAY, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2017

The \$32,162 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Any other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2017	\$ 18,078
2018	18,078
2019	44,964
2020	31,825
2021	 585
Total	\$ 113,530

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 3%

Salary increases: 4.5% to 17% average, including inflation

Investment rate of return: 7.5% net of pension plan investment expense

Cost-of-living adjustments: Police officers eligible to receive increased benefits

according to repealed Section 50-120 of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes pursuant to a court order receive an adjustment of 1/3 to 1/2 of the increase or decrease of any adjustment to the base salary of a regular police officer, based

on an increase in base salary.

Mortality rates: Active employees (pre-retirement) RP-2000 Blue Collar

Healthy Combined table with age set back 4 years with fully

generational improvement using Scale AA.

Active employees (post-retirement) and nondisabled pensioners:

RP-2000 Blue Collar Healthy Combined table with fully

generational improvement using scale AA.

Disabled pensioners RP-2000 Blue Collar Healthy Combined table with age set forward 4 years with fully

generational improvement using Scale AA.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2016, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2007, to June 30, 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2016, are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	3.27%
Domestic equity	5.16%
International equity	8.61%
Real estate	4.97%
Private equity	8.32%
Commodities	2.42%

The current allocation policy is approximately 60% of assets in equity instruments, including public equity, long-short hedge, venture capital, and private equity strategies; approximately 25% of assets in fixed income to include investment grade bonds, high yield and non-dollar denominated bonds, convertible bonds, and low volatility hedge fund strategies; and 15% of assets in real assets to include real estate, commodities, and other strategies.

<u>Discount Rate</u>-The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, determined by State statutes. Projected cash flows also assume the State of Oklahoma will continue contributing 14% of the insurance premium, as established by statute. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>-The following presents the net pension liability of the employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	19	1% Decrease 6.5%		Current Discount		Increase
				ate 7.5%	8.5%	
Employers' net pension liability(asset)	\$	358,684	\$	136,711	\$	(50,712)

<u>Pension plan fiduciary net position</u> - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report of the OPPRS; which can be located at www.ok.gov/OPPRS.

Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund Defined Benefit Plan

<u>Plan description</u> - The City contributes to the OkMRF for all eligible employees except for those covered by the Police and Firefighter Pension Systems. The plan is an agent multiple employer - defined benefit plan administered by OkMRF. The OkMRF plan issues a separate financial report and can be obtained from OkMRF or from their website: www.okmrf.org/reports.html. Benefits are established or amended by the City Council in accordance with O.S. Title 11, Section 48-101-102.

<u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> - For purposes of measuring the net pension asset/liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's plan and additions to/deductions from the City's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OkMRF. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value based on published market prices. Detailed information about the OkMRF plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OkMRF financial report.

Eligibility Factors and Benefit Provisions-

<u> </u>	
Provision a. Eligible to participate	As of 07/01/16 OkMRF Plan Full-time employees except police, firefighters and other employees who are covered under an approved system.
b. Period Required to Vest	10 years of credited service
c. Eligibility for Distribution	-Normal retirement at age 65 with 10 years of service -Early retirement at age 55 with 10 years of service -Disability retirement upon disability with 10 years of service -Marital benefit with 10 years of service for married employees
d. Benefit Determination Base	Final average salary - the average of the five highest consecutive annual salaries out of the last 10 calendar years of service
e. Benefit Determination Methods:	
Normal Retirement	-2.25% of final average salary multiplied by credited years of service
Early Retirement	-Actuarially reduced benefit based upon age and years of service at termination
Disability Retirement	-Same as normal retirement
Death Benefit	-50% of employees accrued benefit, but terminates upon spouse re-marriage
Prior to 10 Years Service	-Return of employee contributions with accrued interest
f. Benefit Authorization	-Benefits are established and amended by City Council

11. Section 48-101-102

adoption of an ordinance in accordance with O.S. Title,

CITY OF LINDSAY, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2017

g. Form of Benefit Payments

Normal form is a 60 months certain and life thereafter basis. Employee may elect, with City consent, option

form based on actuarial equivalent.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms -

Active Employees	43
Deferred Vested Former Employees	1
Disabled Participants	1
Retirees or Retiree Beneficiaries	14
Total	<u>59</u>

<u>Contribution Requirements</u> – The City Council has the authority to set and amend contribution rates by ordinance for the OkMRF defined benefit plan in accordance with O.S. Title 11, Section 48-102. The contribution rates for the current fiscal year have been made in accordance with an actuarially determined rate. The actuarially determined rate is 5.81% of covered payroll as of 7-1-16; however, management elected to contribute 10% of covered payrolls as of 7-1-16. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City recognized \$154,716 of employer contributions to the plan which equals the actuarially determined amount based on covered payroll of \$1,550,364. Employees contribute 3.75% of covered payroll as of July 1, 2016.

Actuarial Assumptions -

Date of Last Actuarial Valuation	July 1, 2016

a. Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
--------------------------	------------------

b. Rate of Return on Investments and Discount Rate	7.75%
--	-------

c. Projected Salary	Increase	Varies between 7.42% and 4% based or
c. Floiected Salary	Increase	varies between 7.4270 and 470 based of

age

d. Post Retirement cost-of-Living Increase None

e. Inflation Rate

f. Mortality Table UP 1994, with projected mortality

improvement

g. Percent of married employees 100%

h. Spouse age difference 3 years (female spouses younger)

i. Turnover Select and ultimate rates

Ultimate rates are age-related as shown

Additional rates per thousand are Added during the first 5 years:

Year 1: 215 Year 2: 140 Year 3: 95 Year 4: 65

CITY OF LINDSAY, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Year 5: 40

j. Date of last experience study

September 2012 for fiscal years 2007 thru 2011

<u>Discount Rate</u> – The discount rate used to value benefits was the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments, 7.75% since the plan's net fiduciary position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments.

The City has adopted a funding method that is designed to fund all benefits payable to participants over the course of their working careers. Any differences between actual and expected experience are funded over a fixed period to ensure all funds necessary to pay benefits have been contributed to the trust before those benefits are payable. Thus, the sufficiency of pension plan assets was made without a separate projection of cash flows.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation (3.0%). Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of July 1, 2016 are summarized in the following table:

	Target Allocation	Real Return	Weighted Return
Large cap stocks S&P 500	25%	5.40%	1.35%
Small/mid cap stocks Russell 2500	10%	7.50%	0.75%
Long/short equity MSCI ACWI	10%	6.10%	0.61%
International stocks MSCI EAFE	20%	5.10%	1.02%
Fixed income bonds Barclay's Capital Aggregate	30%	2.60%	0.78%
Real estate NCREIF	5%	4.80%	0.24%
Cash equivalents 3 month Treasury	0%	0.00%	0.00%
TOTAL	100%		
Average Real Return Inflation Long-term expected return			4.75% 3.00% 7.75%

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) -

	SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY(ASSET)								
	Increase (Decrease)								
Balances Beginning of Year		otal Pension Liability (a)		Plan Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability(Asset) (a) - (b)				
	\$	3,677,286	\$	4,028,906	\$	(351,620)			
Changes for the Year:									
Service cost		189,500		-		189,500			
Interest expense		272,680		-		272,680			
Difference between expected & actual experience		(112,059)				(112,059)			
ContributionsCity		-		165,204		(165,204)			
Contributionsmembers		-		61,951		(61,951)			
Net investment income		-		29,177		(29,177)			
Benefits paid		(323,715)		(323,715)		-			
Plan administrative expenses		-		(7,933)		7,933			
Net Changes		26,406		(75,316)		101,722			
Balances End of Year	\$	3,703,692	\$	3,953,590	\$	(249,898)			

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate -

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount	Increase
	6.75%	Rate 7.75%	8.75%
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 240,631	\$ (249,898)	\$ (652,678)

The City reported \$121,095 in pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2017. At June 30, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	2010111	ed Outflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	108,517	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		214,315			
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions		10,587		10,556	
City contributions subsequent to the measuremnt date Total	\$	154,716 379,618	\$	119,073	

<u>Amortization of Pension Deferrals</u> –\$154,716 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase/reduction of the net pension liability/asset in the year ended June 30, 2018. Any other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2018	\$ 11,258
2019	11,258
2020	69,238
2021	31,642
2022	(17,567)
	\$ 105,829

13. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation:

The City and its public trusts are parties to various legal proceedings or have threatened litigation which normally occurs in the course of municipal governmental operations. The financial statements do not include accruals or provisions for loss contingencies that may result from these proceedings. State Constitution and statutes provide for the levy of an ad valorem tax over a three-year period by a Sinking Fund for the payment of any court assessed judgment rendered against the City. (This provision is not available to public trusts.) While the outcome of the above noted proceedings or threatened litigation cannot be predicted, due to the insurance coverage maintained by the City and the State statute relating to judgments, the City feels that any settlement or judgment not covered by insurance would not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

Federal and State Award Programs:

The City of Lindsay participates in various federal or state grant/loan programs from year to year. In 2017, the City's involvement in federal and state award programs was not material. The grant/loan programs are often subject to additional audits by agents of the granting or loaning agency, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with the specific conditions of the grant or loan. The City has not been notified of any noncompliance with federal or state award requirements.

DEO Consent Order:

The City of Lindsay is currently under consent order case 12-047 related to the waste water facility with the Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality. Timely compliance with the consent order is needed to avoid any fines. The project was completed in August 2014. However, a delay in approving the closeout documents has delayed the final resolution of the project and the removal of the consent order. The consent order was removed in October 2017.

Lindsay Municipal Hospital Authority:

Net Patient Service Revenue

The Lindsay Municipal Hospital Authority (the "Hospital Authority") has agreements with third-party payers that provide for payments to the Authority at amounts different from its established rates. Net patient service revenue is reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payers and others for services rendered and include estimated retroactive revenue adjustments and a provision for uncollectible accounts.

Retroactive adjustments are considered in the recognition of revenue on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and such estimated amounts are revised in future periods as adjustments become known.

The Hospital Authority has agreements with third-party payers that provide for payments to the Authority at amounts different from its established rates. The payment arrangements include:

- Medicare Inpatient acute care services and substantially all outpatient services rendered to Medicare program beneficiaries are paid at prospectively determined rates. These rates vary according to a patient classification system that is based on clinical, diagnostic and other factors. The Hospital Authority is reimbursed for certain services at tentative rates with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by the Hospital Authority and audits thereof by the Medicare administrative contractor.
- **Medicaid** The Hospital Authority has also been reimbursed for services rendered to patients covered by the state Medicaid program on a prospective per discharge method with no retroactive adjustment. Outpatient services are reimbursed on a fee schedule basis with no retroactive adjustments. These payment rates vary according to a patient classification system that is based on clinical, diagnostic and other factors.
- **Department of Corrections** Inpatient and outpatient services rendered to Department of Corrections patients are reimbursed under a cost-reimbursement methodology. The Hospital Authority is reimbursed for certain services at tentative rates with settlements based on quarterly filings.

Less than 10% of net patient service revenues are from participation in the Medicare and state sponsored Medicaid programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. Laws and regulations governing the Medicare and Medicaid programs are complex and subject to interpretation and change. As a result, it is reasonably possible that recorded estimates will change materially in the near term. Approximately 77% of net patient service revenues are from patients covered under agreements with the Department of Corrections for the year ended June 30, 2017.

The Hospital Authority has also entered into payment agreements with certain commercial insurance carriers, health maintenance organizations and preferred provider organizations. The basis for payment to the Hospital Authority under these agreements includes prospectively determined rates per discharge, discounts from established charges and prospectively determined daily rates.

Charity Care

The Hospital Authority provides charity care to patients who are unable to pay for services. The amount of charity care is included in net patient service revenue and is not separately classified from the provision for uncollectible accounts.

Medical Malpractice Claims

In September 2007, the Hospital Authority became a member of Cimarron Insurance Exchange, RRG (Reciprocal Risk Retention Group) (Cimarron) approved by the State of Vermont to provide hospital professional and general liability coverage to its subscribers. Cimarron was formed in order to stabilize the cost and availability of hospital professional and general liability insurance by taking advantage of the self-funding capabilities of a homogenous group of health care providers. Cimarron members are provided hospital professional and general liability insurance under claims-made policies on a fixed premium basis. Effective January 1, 2014, Cimarron was dissolved and the Hospital Authority began purchasing medical malpractice insurance under a claims-made policy on a fixed premium basis from a commercial carrier.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require a health care provider to accrue the expense of its share of malpractice claim costs, if any, for any reported and unreported incidents of potential improper professional service occurring during the year by estimating the probable ultimate costs of the incidents. Based upon the Hospital Authority's claims experience, no such accrual has been made. It is reasonably possible that this estimate could change materially in the near term.

Contracts with the Oklahoma Department of Corrections

During 2001, the Hospital Authority entered into three agreements with the Oklahoma Department of Corrections (DOC) related to services to be provided by the Hospital Authority. Those agreements were the Occupancy Agreement, the Contract for Inpatient Medical Services and the Outpatient Medical Services Contract. Each agreement was for an initial period of ten years, with two five-year renewal options. New agreements were signed by the Authority and the ODOC effective September 1, 2011, for a period of 10 years, with the five-year renewal options.

Under the Occupancy Agreement, the Hospital Authority granted to ODOC exclusive rights to occupy 22 beds of the Authority and certain outpatient facilities for provision of medical services to prisoners of the ODOC. The Occupancy Agreement signed in 2011 was expanded to 22 beds.

Effective September 1, 2012, under both the Contract for Inpatient Medical Services and the Outpatient Medical Services Contract, ODOC agreed to reimburse the Hospital Authority at cost plus an 8% administrative fee from September 1, 2012 to August 31, 2015. All reimbursement from ODOC under these contracts is reflected as net patient service revenue on the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

Effective September 1, 2015, ODOC and the Hospital Authority agreed to extend the Contract for Inpatient Medical Services and the Outpatient Medical Services Contract through August 31, 2018, including a continuation of the 8% administration fee.

Effective January 1, 2017, ODOC and the Authority agreed to modify the Contract for Inpatient Medical Services and the Outpatient Medical Services Contract through December 31, 2017, reducing the

administration fee to 5%. After December 31, 2017, the administration fee will return to 8% through August 31, 2018, under both ODOC contracts.

Construction Commitments:

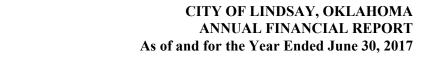
At June 30, 2017, the City had entered into the following construction commitments:

 Myers Engin 	eering Water Plant Pre-Filtration System	m \$10,275
 Young Contr 	racting Water Plant Pre-Filtration System	m \$109,207
• Freese & Nic	chols Capital Improvement Plan	\$11,569
• Freese & Nic	chols Waste Water Treatment Plant-La	agoons \$27,659
• Freese & Nic	chols Storm Water Utility Fee	\$3,419

14. Subsequent Event

Lease Commitments:

In December 2017, the City entered into an agreement with Rural Electric Cooperative, Inc for the lease-purchase of the REC Building located in Lindsay for \$1,000,000. The agreement requires a \$20,000 down payment due January 1, 2017 and an additional \$80,000 on July 1, 2018. The City agrees to pay yearly lease payments of \$100,000 due on January 2nd of each year, beginning January 2, 2019. The final lease payment is due on January 2, 2027 and the option to purchase the real estate may be exercised at that time.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedules (Budgetary Basis) – Year Ended June 30, 2017

	GENERAL FUND							
							Va	riance with
					Actu	ıal Amounts,	Fin	al Budget -
		Budgeted	Amou	nts	Bud	getary Basis	Positi	ve (Negative)
	-	Original		Final				
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance	\$	928,606	\$	928,606	\$	1,286,852	\$	358,246
Resources (Inflows)								
Taxes		1,710,206		1,460,206		1,978,840		518,634
Intergovernmental		85,500		85,500		66,789		(18,711)
Charges for services		321,900		321,900		338,553		16,653
Fines and forfeitures		266,100		266,000		76,233		(189,767)
Licenses and permits		14,000		14,000		11,438		(2,562)
Investement income		1,020		1,120		1,087		(33)
Miscellaneous		58,200		58,200		39,996		(18,204)
Transfers in		659,950		909,950		496,346		(413,604)
Sub-total Resources (Inflows)		3,116,876		3,116,876		3,009,282		(107,594)
Amounts Available for Appropriation		4,045,482		4,045,482		4,296,134		250,652
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows)								
Public safety		1,720,928		1,720,928		1,396,426		324,502
Streets		540,500		290,500		56,947		233,553
Culture & recreation		228,948		478,949		589,555		(110,606)
General government		370,500		616,846		206,231		410,615
Cemetery		75,391		75,391		31,049		44,342
Health & public safety -ambulance		1,109,215		1,109,214		1,081,675		27,539
Transfers out		-		-		655,617		(655,617)
Total Charges to Appropriations		4,045,482		4,291,828		4,017,500		274,328
Fund balances - ending	\$		\$	(246,346)	\$	278,634	\$	524,980

	EMS FUND												
		Budgeted	Amoun	ats		ual Amounts, Igetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)						
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>									
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance	\$	1,246,000	\$	1,246,000	\$	1,328,870	\$	82,870					
Resources (Inflows)													
Taxes		744,103		619,103		584,995		(34,108)					
Investment income		3,000		3,000		2,782		(218)					
Amounts Available for Appropriation		1,993,103		1,868,103		1,916,647		48,544					
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows)													
Transfers out		160,000		410,000		250,000		160,000					
Total Charges to Appropriations		160,000		410,000		250,000		160,000					
Fund balances - ending	\$	1,833,103	\$	1,458,103	\$	1,666,647	\$	208,544					

Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Year Ended June 30, 2017, (Cont.)

Footnotes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules:

- 1. The City prepares its budgets for all funds on the modified accrual basis of accounting with the exception of certain expenditures and revenues related to on-behalf payments for police and fire pensions and capital leases. For budgetary purposes expenditures are recorded in the period the invoice is received. All unexpended encumbrances lapse at year-end and therefore are not recorded as expenditures for budgetary purposes.
- 2. The legal level of appropriation control is the department level within a fund. Transfers of appropriation within a fund require the approval of the City Manager. All supplemental appropriations require the approval of the City Council. Supplemental appropriations must be filed with the Office of the State Auditor and Inspector. The City exceeded the approved budget in these areas:

Culture and recreation	\$110,606
Transfers out	\$655,617

3. The budgetary basis differs from the modified accrual basis as shown in the schedule below:

	Gene	ral Fund
Total budgetary resources (inflows)	\$	3,009,282
Add: On-behalf payments		158,120
Total resources as recorded on the statement of revenues,		
expenditures, and changes in fund balances-governmental funds	\$	3,167,402
Reconciliation to Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	in Fund	Balances:
Total revenues	\$	2,671,056
Transfers in		496,346
Total Resources	\$	3,167,402
Total budgetary expenditures and transfers	\$	4,017,500
Add: On-behalf payments		158,120
Total expenditures as recorded on the statement of revenues,		
expenditures, and changes in fund balances-governmental funds	\$	4,175,620

Reconciliation to Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances:

Total expenditures	\$ 3,520,003
Transfers out	 655,617
Total Expenditures	\$ 4,175,620

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information
SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
OKLAHOMA FIREFIGHTERS PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM
Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2017	2016	2015				
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.136979%	0.144398%	0.143005%				
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,673,479	\$ 1,532,645	\$ 1,470,589				
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 375,600	\$ 385,957	\$ 362,586				
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	446%	397%	406%				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	64.87%	68.12%					

^{*}The amounts present for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30

Notes to Schedule:

Only three years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS OKLAHOMA FIREFIGHTERS PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2017	2016	2015			
Statutorially required contribution	\$ 52,677	\$ 52,584	\$ 54,034			
Contributions in relation to the statutorially required contribution	52,677	52,584	54,034			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 376,262	\$ 375,600	\$ 385,957			
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%			

Notes to Schedule:

Only three years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

Schedules of Required Supplementary Information
SCHEDULE OF THE CITY OF LINDSAY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)
OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM
Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2017	2016	2015		
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0893%	0.0787%	0.0882%		
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 136,711	\$ 3,208	\$ (29,686)		
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 263,262	\$ 222,377	\$ 241,600		
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	51.93%	1.44%	12.29%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	93.50%	99.82%	101.53%		

^{*}The amounts present for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30

Notes to Schedule:

Only three years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS OKLAHOMA POLICE PENSION & RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last 10 Fiscal Years

	 2017	 2016	2015			
Statutorially required contribution	\$ 32,162	\$ 34,224	\$	28,909		
Contributions in relation to the statutorially required contribution	 32,162	34,224		28,909		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$			
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 247,628	\$ 263,262	\$	222,377		
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	13.00%	13.00%		13.00%		

Notes to Schedule:

Only three years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available.

CITY OF LINDSAY, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Required Supplementary Information Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund

Schedule of Employer Contributions	Fiscal Year		Fiscal Year		Fiscal Year		
	 2017	_	2016	_	2015		
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 90,076	\$	117,172	\$	106,544		
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	154,716		165,241		160,218		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (64,640)	\$	(48,069)	\$	(53,674)		
Covered employee payroll	\$ 1,550,364	\$	1,647,985	\$	1,601,333		
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	9.98%		10.03%		10.01%		

Notes to Schedule:

- 1. Only the last three fiscal years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available
- 2. Actuarially determined contribution rate is calculated as of July 1, 2016 and is 5.81%.
- 3. Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method - Entry age normal

Amortization method - Level percent of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period - 28 years

 $Asset\ valuation\ method\ \hbox{-}\ Actuarial:$

Smoothing period - 4 years

Recognition method - Non-asymptotic

Corridor - 70% - 130%

Salary increases - 4.00% to 7.42% (varies by attained age)

Investment rate of return - 7.75%

CITY OF LINDSAY, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Required Supplementary Information Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios			Fiscal Year
	2017	2016	2015
Total pension liability			
Service cost	189,500	172,099	\$ 149,157
Interest	272,680	260,188	253,634
Differences between expected and actual experience	(112,059)	(23,395)	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(323,715)	(174,493)	(163,848)
Net change in total pension liability	26,406	234,399	238,943
Total pension liability - beginning	3,677,286	3,442,887	3,203,944
Total pension liability - ending (a)	3,703,692	3,677,286	\$ 3,442,887
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	165,204	160,195	\$ 147,521
Contributions - member	61,951	60,030	55,320
Net investment income	29,177	109,808	546,195
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(323,715)	(174,493)	(163,848)
Administrative expense	(7,933)	(8,121)	(8,091)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(75,316)	147,419	577,097
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	4,028,906	3,881,487	3,304,390
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	3,953,590	4,028,906	\$ 3,881,487
Net pension liability(asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$ (249,898)	\$ (351,620)	\$ (438,600)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	106.75%	109.56%	112.74%
Covered employee payroll	1,647,985	1,601,333	\$ 1,447,608
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	15.16%	21.96%	30.30%

Notes to Schedule:

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30. Only three years are presented because 10-year data is not yet available.



SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds - June 30, 2017

	Special Revenue Funds									Capital Project Funds								
	City Donation		Street & Alley		LPWA Donation		Library		Grant		Cemetery Care		Airport		Capital Improvement		Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Receivable from other governments Due from other funds Other receivables Total assets	\$	97,713 - - - - 97,713	\$	167,602 2,454 4,902 - 174,958	\$	13,231 - - - 13,231	\$	2,512	\$	25,993 - 15,640 - 41,633	\$	88,046 - 563 - 88,609	\$	13,619 - 1,025 360 15,004	\$	258 - - - - 258	\$	408,974 2,454 22,130 360 433,918
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:																		
Due to other funds		5,840		_		_		745		_		_		86		_		6,671
Unearned revenue		3,040						1,744		_				-				1,744
Total liabilities		5,840		-				2,489		-				86				8,415
Fund balances: Restricted for:																		
Street and Alley		-		172,690		-		-		-		-		-		-		172,690
City Donation		91,873				-		-		-		-		-		-		91,873
Grants		-		-		-		-		41,412		-		-		-		41,412
Cemetery		-		-		-		-		-		42,983		-		-		42,983
Assigned to:																		
Capital Improvements		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		258		258
Street and Alley		-		2,268		-		-		-		-		-		-		2,268
Public Works		-		-		13,231		-		-		-		-		-		13,231
Library		-		-		-		23		-		-		-		-		23
Airport		-		-		-		-		-		-		14,918		-		14,918
Grants		-		-		-		-		221		-		-		-		221
Cemetery						-				-		45,626						45,626
Total fund balances		91,873		174,958		13,231		23		41,633		88,609		14,918		258		425,503
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	97,713	\$	174,958	\$	13,231	\$	2,512	\$	41,633	\$	88,609	\$	15,004	\$	258	\$	433,918

<u>Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Nonmajor Governmental Funds – Year Ended June 30, 2017</u>

			;	l Revenue F	Capital Project Funds														
	City	Sity Donation Street & Alle		et & Alley		_PWA onation		Library Grant				metery Care	A	irport		Capital provement	Total-Other Governmental Funds		
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$		\$	24,590	\$		\$	4,071	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	28,661	
Charges for services	Ф	-	Ą	24,590	Ф	-	φ	4,071	φ	_	φ	7,988	φ	5,645	φ	-	φ	13,633	
Investment income		172		313		27		9		68		172		24		234		1,019	
Miscellaneous		26,641		-		15		-		-		-		-		-		26,656	
Total revenues		26,813		24,903		42		4,080		68		8,160		5,669		234		69,969	
EXPENDITURES Current: Cemetery		-		-		-		_		-		2,214		-		-		2,214	
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		4,071		-		-		-		-		4,071	
Airport						-						<u> </u>		2,539				2,539	
Total Expenditures								4,071				2,214		2,539		<u> </u>		8,824	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		26,813		24,903		42		9		68		5,946		3,130		234		61,145	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out		(1,441)		_				_								(246,346)		(247,787)	
Total other financing sources and uses		(1,441)													-	(246,346)	-	(247,787)	
•																			
Net change in fund balances		25,372		24,903		42		9		68		5,946		3,130		(246,112)		(186,642)	
Fund balances - beginning		66,501		150,055		13,189		14		41,565		82,663		11,788		246,370		612,145	
Fund balances - ending	\$	91,873	\$	174,958	\$	13,231	\$	23	\$	41,633	\$	88,609	\$	14,918	\$	258	\$	425,503	

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards – Year Ended June 30, 2017

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Agency Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Grant #	Award Amount	Awards Expended
FEDERAL AWARDS: DEPT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT: Passed through the Oklahoma Department of Commerce: CDBG Grant	14.228	16715 CDBG 16	\$ 299,999	\$ 299,999
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE: Passed through the District Attorney's Council: JAG-LLE-2016 Grant	16.738	2015-DJ-CI-00059	\$ 8,639	\$ 8,639
FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY: Passed through OK Dept of Health	93.074	НРР/РНЕР	3,689	3,689
Total Federal Awards			\$ 312,327	\$ 312,327

Footnote to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards:

1. Significant Accounting Policies -The accompanying schedule of expenditurs of federal awards is prepared on the basis of accounting consistent with the definition of federal awards expended in Uniform Guidance.

State Grantor/Pass Through Agency		Award		Awards		
Grantor/Program Title	Grant #	A	Amount		Expended	
STATE AWARDS:						
OKLAHOMA DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:						
Rural Fire Grant	N/A	\$	3,817	\$	3,817	
OKLAHOMA DEPARTMENT OF LIBRARIES:						
State Aid 2015	N/A		3,302		2,684	
State Aid 2016	N/A		3,131		1,387	
Total State Awards		\$	10,250	\$	7,888	

Schedule of Debt Service Coverage Requirement – Year Ended June 30, 2017

DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE:	DWSI	RB Series 2000, RF 2000 & 2012 missory Note
GROSS REVENUE AVAILABLE:		
Charges for services (electric, water, sewer, and miscellaneous)	\$	4,158,574
Investment income		3,917
Sales tax appropriated and transferred from the City General Fundamental	d	655,617
Total Gross Revenue Available		4,818,108
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Total Operating Expenses		3,549,342
Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	\$	1,268,766
Debt Service on all Obligations Payable:		
Maximum annual debt service - OWRB Series 2000	\$	56,044
Average annual debt service - OWRB DWSRF 2000		174,066
Average annual debt service - 2012 Note		73,702
	\$	303,812
Computed Coverage		418%
Coverage Requirement		125%

CITY OF LINDSAY, OKLAHOMA
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2017

INTERNAL CONTROL COMPLIANCE INFORMATION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Lindsay, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lindsay, Oklahoma (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 26, 2018. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the Lindsay Municipal Hospital Authority a discretely presented component unit, as described in our report on the City's financial statements.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be significant deficiency, as finding 2017-01.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as finding 2017-02.

The City's Response to Findings

Aledge + Associates, P.C.

The City's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

February 26, 2018

CITY OF LINDSAY, OKLAHOMA

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES Year Ended June 30, 2017

Finding 2017-01 – Utility Rates

Criteria: Internal controls should be sufficient to ensure accurate billing rates are being applied to customer accounts and are reviewed by the appropriate level of management.

Condition: The City Council approved commercial rate increases for electric utilities in February of 2016. The following month, the City Council approved removing the previous month's commercial rate increase, effectively reverting to the old commercial rate. Management failed to update the accounting and billing system to reflect the change in the rate.

Cause and Effect: The City failed to update their utility billing software with the appropriate commercial rate for approximately 20 months after it was approved by the City Council. The delay in updating the system for the approved commercial rate resulted in approximately \$150,000 of overcharges on those commercial accounts. The commercial accounts in question were credited their overcharged amount in October of 2017.

Recommendation: We recommend that City management monitor the resolutions approved by the City Council and perform reviews of any changes in utility rates within the utility billing software.

City's Response: The City of Lindsay agrees with the finding and have put safeguards in place to ensure that this does not happen in the future.

The staff directly responsible for this oversight are no longer employed with the City of Lindsay and the billing department supervisor now signs off on any billing rate changes prior to final approval and updating of the system.

CITY OF LINDSAY, OKLAHOMA

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES Year Ended June 30, 2017

Finding 2017-02 – Budgeted Appropriations

Criteria: Oklahoma State Law prescribes that no encumbrances or expenditures may be authorized or made by an officer or employee that exceeds the available appropriations for each object category within a department or fund.

Condition: Expenditures exceeded appropriations at the legal level of control as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Department</u>	<u>Amount</u>
General	Culture & recreation	\$110,606

Cause: Year-end adjustments are recorded in the preparation of the annual financial statements that result in charges to appropriations that may exceed the appropriations for a department.

Effect or Potential Effect: Expenditures exceed appropriations at the legal level of control.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City adopt formal budget amendments, especially at or near year-end by department.

City's Response: The City of Lindsay requires that purchase orders be obtained prior to committing to any purchase over the amount of \$500 to ensure that unappropriated funds are not expended. The City has had multiple staff changes in the finance department that has affected the consistent financial policies of the City of Lindsay and subsequently the annual adoption of budget amendments as required by state statutes. Staff changes have been made within the City that will ensure that the financial policies are followed consistently, timely and in a manner which will prevent the expending of unappropriated funds.